Analysis and Methods of Improvement of Safety at High-Speed Rural Intersections
Introduction

- State: Indiana
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- Research Agency: JTRP – Purdue University
- Contact/links for more info: http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/jtrp/
Since 2006 INDOT systematically screens Indiana road network for roads with safety needs.

Many identified roads are two-way stop-controlled intersections on high-speed, multilane, rural roads.

Some contributing design and human factors have been identified, while other factors awaited further investigation.
Multivariate ordered probit models developed to identify safety factors at 553 Indiana intersections and 72 Michigan intersections.

Estimated impacts of road characteristics on the frequency and severity of crashes.

Recommendations of safety countermeasures made based on own results and research published by other authors.
Identified safety factors

- Horizontal curves within the intersection vicinity
- Traffic volume on the major road
- Land use
- Population of the area surrounding the intersection
- The minor road functional class (traffic volume on minor road unknown)
- Nearby at-grade railroad crossings
- Intersection conspicuity to drivers on the major road
- Acceleration lanes for both left and right turns
- Median width
- Intersection angle
- Number of intersection legs

Effect of Intersection Recognition on Expected Annual Number of Crashes
New intersections

- Medians narrower than 80 ft with a parallel acceleration lane for vehicles turning left from the minor road.
- Intersections placed at a sufficient distance from horizontal curves and from at-grade railroad crossings.
- Solutions with indirect left-turn lanes (Michigan U-turns, J-turns) recommended.
Existing intersections with safety needs

- Median closure or restricting certain maneuvers
- Median acceleration lanes to allow a two-stage maneuver for left turns from the minor road
- Enhanced guide and warning signage to improve intersection conspicuity
- Road illumination
- Installation of left- and right-turn bays on major road should be continued.
Existing intersections with safety needs

- Recommended pilot studies in Indiana of advanced intersection collision avoidance systems, such as road-side dynamic signs warning drivers on the minor road about a short gap on the major road.

Example operation of the CICAS-SSA system illustrated in the Gorjestani et al. (2008)
What has been/will be changed?
(recommended, approved, in-place)

Research is being implemented by:

- Intersection Decision Guide - To provide practical guidance for the application of innovative intersection treatments
- Design Treatments to limit left turns at the intersection under certain conditions (e.g. R-Cut. J-Turn, etc.)
- Update of SHSP - calls for Systemic Project Type to improve driver recognition of two way stop intersections.
- Design recommendations to limit horizontal curves on high speed mainline roads though two way stop intersections.
How was/will change be institutionalized? (i.e. specification, policy, processes, training, legislation, etc)

Have drafted guidelines for practical means to aid implementation of recommendations of the research.

Guidelines and Tools for Road Safety Assessments will include these countermeasures.

INDOT is conducting statewide training this year on use of innovative intersection treatments and the Highway Safety Manual.

Systemic projects under the Highway Safety are being used to implement the research recommendations.
### Value of Implementing the Research

- Crash Reduction Factors estimated with the statistical models (should be confirmed with before-after studies)

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<tr>
<th>Geometry Improvement</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add a left-turn acceleration lanes at a four-leg intersection</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>86</td>
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<tr>
<td>Add a left-turn acceleration taper at a three-leg intersection</td>
<td>23</td>
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<tr>
<td>Add a right-turn acceleration lane/taper</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>34</td>
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<td>Remove the railroad crossing from major road</td>
<td>58</td>
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<td>Reduce the speed limit from 60 MPH to 55 MPH</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>Increase the intersection angle to make it at least 75 degrees</td>
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<tr>
<td>Widen the median to make it at least 80 feet wide</td>
<td>61</td>
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<td>Make the intersection recognizable from the sufficient distance²)</td>
<td>27</td>
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1) Applies to three-leg intersections, 2) 1.2 times the stopping distance